

The geography curriculum is taught throughout the child's time in EYFS through specific planned sessions as well as in-the-moment teaching. This learning occurs holistically through discussion adults and peers as well as learning and exploring within their play by drawing on their experiences. Mathematics Children working at a 3-4 year olds level will learn to: Understand position through words alone. For example, "The bag is under the table," - with no pointing. Defamiliar route. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. Children working at a 3-4 year olds level will learn to: Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. Begin to understand the need to respect for the natural environment and all living things. Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or sephotos. Children working at reception level will learn to: Draw information from a simple map. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and other countries. Explore the natural world around them. Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live Children who will meet the ELG will learn to: Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and more than the country and other countries.	stime in EYFS through specific planned sessions as well as in-the-moment teaching. This learning occurs holistically through discussions with heir play by drawing on their experiences. ar olds level will learn to: • Understand position through words alone. For example, "The bag is under the table," - with no pointing. • Describe a se and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. ar olds level will learn to: Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. • Begin to understand the need to respect and care and all living things. • Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in a level will learn to: Draw information from a simple map. • Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in the natural world around them. • Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live LG will learn to: Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. • differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when		Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
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	differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when	(The Natural World)	_	•					life in this country and life in
Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and been read in class. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons.			Explain some similariti appropriate) maps.Kno	ies and differences betwe w some similarities and di	een life in this country and l ifferences between the nat	ife in other countries, ural world around then	, drawing on knowledge t m and contrasting enviro	from stories, non-fic onments, drawing on	tion texts and (when



Year 1		Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
			The big build!	Let's Celebrate	Great Fire of London	Paws, Jaws and Claws	If we go down to the woods	Fit kids
	Locational Knowledge:	Name and locate the world's seven continent				Label a map of the world		
	Place knowledge: -	understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom,			Compare London to St Neots			
	Human and physical geography	identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles				Hot and cold countries Weather charts		
		Use key human features, including: shop, factory, house, farm, town, village, city	Discussion of features in Eaton Socon Walk of Eaton Socon					
		Use key physical features including: season & weather				Weather charts		
	Geographical skills	use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries as well as continents			Find 4 countries which make up united kingdom			
		locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map					Map of Beatty woods	
		devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key					Map of Beatty woods using simple symbols.	
		use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Walk of Eaton Socon				Map of Beatty woods	



Year 2		Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
			To infinity and beyond	Celebrations & festivals	Roar!	Roar!	Ready, Set, Grow!	Ready, Set, Grow!
	Locational Knowledge	name and locate the world's seven continents and 5 oceans	What can you see from space? Google earth Continents and oceans					
	Place Knowledge	understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country		Compare a place in the UK to a non-European county				
	Human and physical geography	Use key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather			Label a diagram or photograph using geographical words.			
		key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop		Label a diagram or photograph using geographical words.				
	Geographical skills	use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage	Globes from space . What countries can you see?					
		use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the					Use a compass to follow directions	

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	location of features and				
	routes on a map				
	use aerial photographs and	What landmarks can you see from space?		Make a map of the school grounds with a key	
	plan perspectives to recognise	space:		with a key	
	landmarks and basic human				
	and physical features; devise a				
	simple map; and use and				
	construct basic symbols in a				
	key				
				Make a map of the school grounds	
	use simple fieldwork and			Make a map of the school grounds	
	observational skills to study				
	the geography of their school				
	and its grounds and the key				
	human and physical features				
	of its surrounding				
	environment.				



	Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
		Stone age	Stone age	Around the world in 80 days	Around the world in 80 days	Grow your own way	Grow your own way
Locational Knowledge	Locate the world's countries in Europe concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics and major cities			Find the Mediterranean What towns and cities are in the Mediterranean. What human and physical characteristics are			
Place Knowledge	understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country			there? Compare a region in the UK to Mediterranean		Compare UK to mexico	Weather in differen regions in the UK.
Human and physical geography	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including volcanoes	What is a volcano and why does it erupt?	What is the difference between human and physical geography?				
	Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including types of settlement			Compare villages and towns in the Mediterranean to those in the UK. Why do they have certain features?			
Geographical skills	use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	Find volcanoes on a map		Find Mediterranean on a map		Identify countries on a world map	

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	Use symbols and keys incuding use of ordnance survey maps to build			Read maps of the UK
	knowledge of the united kingdom			
	Use fieldwork to observe human and physical features in the local area			Sketch maps of human and physical features of St Neothhhhhhhhh
	using sketch maps			

Year 4		Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
			Romans	Romans	United we stand	United we stand	Walk like an Egyptian	Walk like an egyptian
	Locational Knowledge	name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time			Locate London Explore human and physical features of UK including hills, mountans, coasts and rivers. Compare land use on an old and current map of London. Why do you think it has changed over time?			
	Place Knowledge	understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country	How is a region in Italy similar or different to the UK?					
	Human and physical geography	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including rivers, mountains and the water cycle				Mountains in the UK Rivers in the UK Water cycle		

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	Describe and understand			How rivers in the UK		
	key aspects of physical			are used for trade.		
	geography including trade					
	links					
Geographical skills	use maps, atlases, globes	Compare use of globe and	Find UK on a map		Find Egypt on a map	
	and digital/computer	atlas	No accelled Continues of			
	mapping to locate		Describe features of the UK			
	countries and describe		The UK			
	features studied					
	Use 8 points of a				Use an 8 point compass to	
	compass				follow directions	
	Use symbols and keys	Explore features of Rome on				
	incuding use of ordnance	a map by looking at the				
	survey maps to build	symbols.				
	knowledge of the united					
	kingdom and the wider					
	world					
	Hay California to all access			What physical and human		
	Use fieldwork to observe			features can be found by		
	and measure human and			River Great Ouse?		
	physical features in the					
	local area using sketch					
	maps and digital					
	technologies					

Year 5		Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
			We are the kids from America	Groovy Greeks	That lightbulb moment	That lightbulb moment	Extreme earth	Extreme earth
	Locational Knowledge	Locate the world's countries in north and south America concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human	Locate countries within North and South America. Recognise that there are different states within USA.	Explore features of a major city in Greece.				



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	characteristics and major cities					
Place Knowledge	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region in North or South America	Compare key human & physical characteristics of USA states ie. Texas compared to New York	Compare mountains in UK to mountains in Greece. Compare a region in UK with the meditteranean and a region in Aegean.			
Human and physical geography	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including earthquakes				The cause of earthquakes. Compare to volcanoes.	
	Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including land use				Compare impact of an earthquake to a poorer country to a wealthier country. Ie. Haiti 2010	
Geographical skills	use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	Use maps to locate USA				
	Use 4 figure grid references in ordnance survey maps to build knowledge of the united kingdom			Read 4 figure rid references of UK		
	Use fieldwork to observe and measure human and physical features in the local area using graphs		What is popular about your local area? Present findings in a graph?			



Year 6		Curriculum aims	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
			Battle of Britain	Battle of Britain	Come fly with me	Come fly with me	Midsummer night's dream	Midsummer night's dream
	Locational Knowledge	identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)			Latitude and longitude, equator, hemisphere, tropics and poles.	World time zones		
	Place Knowledge	understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region in North or South America			Compare similarities and differences UK in the northern hemisphere to a country in the tropics ie. brazil			
	Human and physical geography	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts			Name and describe climate zones of the world.	Research what it is like to live in a particular biome.		
		Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including the distribution of natural resources including	How has Britain's trade links improved since wartime Britain?				Sort between renewable and non-renewable energy sources.	

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	energy, food, minerals and				
	water				
Geographical skills	use maps, atlases, globes		Use a variety of maps		
o oog, apriioai oriiiio	and digital/computer		to locate. Compare		
	- '		which is most useful.		
	mapping to locate		Which is most useful.		
	countries and describe				
	features studied				
	Use 6 figure grid		Use 6 figure grid		
	references in ordnance		references to locate		
	survey maps to build		key areas of the		
	knowledge of the wider		world.		
	world				
	World				
	Use fieldwork to observe	Decide on an enquiry			
	and measure human and	question.			
	physical features in the	Answer a quantitative			
	local area using plans and	enquiry question about			
	graphs	local area.			
		local area.			
		Present findings in a			
		graph.			